**LESSON-PLAN (Session 2021-22) Even Semester**

**Name of Professor**: Dr. Satish Garg

**Subject:** Physics

**Class:** B.Sc.4th sem

**Subject/Paper: PH – 401 & 402**

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| Sr. No. | Days  | Topics to be covered | Remarks if any |
|  | 01-04-2022to 15-04-2022 | Microscopic and Macroscopic systems, events-mutually exclusive, dependent and independent. Probability, statistical probability, A- priori Probability and relation between them, probability theorems, some probability considerations, combinations possessing maximum probability, combination possessing minimum probability, Tossing of 2,3 and any number of Coins, Permutations and combinations, distributions of N (for N= 2,3,4) distinguishable and indistinguishable particles in two boxes of equal size, Micro and Macro states, Thermodynamical probability, Constraints and Accessible states, Statistical fluctuations, general distribution of distinguishable particles in compartments of different sizes, Condition of equilibrium between two systems in thermal contact-- β parameter, Entropy and Probability (Boltzman's relation). |  |
|  | 16-04-2022-30-04-2022 |  Postulates of statistical physics, Phase space, Division of Phase space into cells, three kinds of statistics, basic approach in three statistics. M. B. statistics applied to an ideal gas in equilibrium- energy distribution law (including evaluation of ơ and β ) , speed distribution law & velocity distribution law. Expression for average speed, r.m.s. speed, average velocity, r. m. s. velocity, most probable energy & mean energy for Maxwellian distribution. |  |
|  | 01-05-2022to 15-05-2022 | Need for Quantum Statistics: Bose-Einstein energy distribution law, Application of B.E. statistics to Planck's radiation law B.E. gas, Degeneracy and B.E. Condensation, Fermi- Dirac energy distribution law, F.D. gas and Degeneracy, Fermi energy and Fermi temperature, Fermi Dirac energy distribution law, Fermi Dirac gas and degeneracy, Fermi energy and Fermi temperature, Fermi Dirac energy distribution law for electron gas in metals, Zero point energy, Zero point pressure and average speed (at 0 K) of electron gas, Specific heat anomaly of metals and its solution. M.B. distribution as a limiting case of B.E. and F.D. distributions, Comparison of three statistics. |  |
|  | 16-05-2022-31-05-2022 | Dulong and Petit law. Derivation of Dulong and Petit law from classical physics. Specific heat at low temperature, Einstein theory of specific heat, Criticism of Einstein theory, Debye model of specific heat of solids, success and shortcomings of Debye theory, comparison of Einstein and Debye theories |  |
|  | 01-06-2022to 15-06-2022 | Polarization: Polarisation by reflection, refraction and scattering, Malus Law, Phenomenon of double refraction, Huygen's wave theory of double refraction (Normal and oblique incidence), Analysis of polarized Light. Nicol prism, Quarter wave plate and half wave plate, production and detection of (i) Plane polarized light (ii) Circularly polarized light and (iii) Elliptically polarized light. Optical activity, Fresnel's theory of optical rotation, Specific rotation, Polarimeters (half shade and Biquartz). |  |
|  | 16-06-2022-30-06-2022 | Fourier theorem and Fourier series, evaluation of Fourier coefficient, importance and limitations of Fourier theorem, even and odd functions, Fourier series of functions f(x) between (i) 0 to 2pi, (ii) –pi to pi, (iii) 0 to pi, (iv) –L to L, complex form of Fourier series, Application of Fourier theorem for analysis of complex waves: solution of triangular and rectangular waves , half and full wave rectifier outputs, Parseval identity for Fourier Series, Fourier integrals |  |
|  | 01-07-2022to 16-07-2022 | Fourier transforms and its properties, Application of Fourier transform (i) for evaluation of integrals, (ii) for solution of ordinary differential equations, (iii) to the following functions:1. f(x)= e- x2/2 |X|<a2 . f(x) =0 |X |>aMatrix methods in paraxial optics, effects of translation and refraction, derivation of thin lens and thick lens formulae, unit plane, nodal planes, system of thin lenses.Chromatic, spherical, coma, astigmatism and distortion aberrations and their remedies.Optical fiber, Critical angle of propagation, Mode of Propagation, Acceptance angle, Fractional refractive index change, Numerical aperture, Types of optics fiber, Normalized frequency, Pulse dispersion, Attenuation, Applications, Fiber optic Communication, Advantages. |  |

\*Vacation as per university calendar

\*Assignments and unit test will be taken as per schedule.